

Challenges for a cloud provider

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DAAD

Deutscher Akademischer Austausch Dienst
German Academic Exchange Service

A small cloud infrastructure ☺



„Unexpected“ technical issues

- Computer center was build in 1974
 - For mainframes – big irons
 - Heavy, water cooling
 - Machine room: 750 kg/m² – max 950 kg/m²
 - With special permission
- But: modern water cooled 19“ racks weigh up to 1400 kg/m² ☹
 - 48 1U computers + cooling + internal air fans + ..
- Modern computers use little energy
 - Just a few hundred watts when fully charged

„Unexpected“ technical issues

- 48 x „a few hundred Watts“ = 35 kW
 - Energy you have to get in and heat you have to get out.
 - At the moment a rack is between 12 and 18 kW
 - Machines are never fully „loaded“
- Scientists have grants, buy machines and bring them to the CC
 - To use the „professional“ infrastructure
 - Rapid growth
 - 300.000€ buys 2-3 racks = 50 kW or more...
- Currently we need 300 – 400 kW
 - Growth announced

„Unexpected“ technical issues

- New power supply – 3 transformer 600 kW each
- New cooling device: 600 kW
 - To produce cold water for the water cooled racks
- Additional supply tunnel to the university cold water ring – 400 kW cooling
- So we could supply 1 MW to machines
 - Continued growth??
 - Well, we pay 0,17€ per kWh, thus 1 MW costs **1,5 Mio € per year**
 - Who pays??
 - Change in funding necessary

„unexpected“ technical issues

- **Emergency energy supply**
 - Diesel engine with 200 kW
 - Fuel for one day
 - Battery backup for 160 kW for 20 mins
 - Until Diesel takes over
- **Change of paradigm:**
the Holy Grail of a computer center – the HPC – cannot be kept in operation during a power failure.
- **Define what is mission critical!**
 - The Internet !!! And all its servers (DNS, DHCP,..)
 - File servers

„unexpected“ technical issues

- What if there is a „water failure“?
 - Burst pipes, maintenance by water works ...
 - The cooling goes down after 3 hours!
 - And the computer centre overheats...
 - We now asked the water company for an additional supply line.
- We did think about a redundant Internet connection...
 - But not about redundant water supplies....
- Infrastructure discussions dominate over technological issues
 - Like „which hardware is best suited“

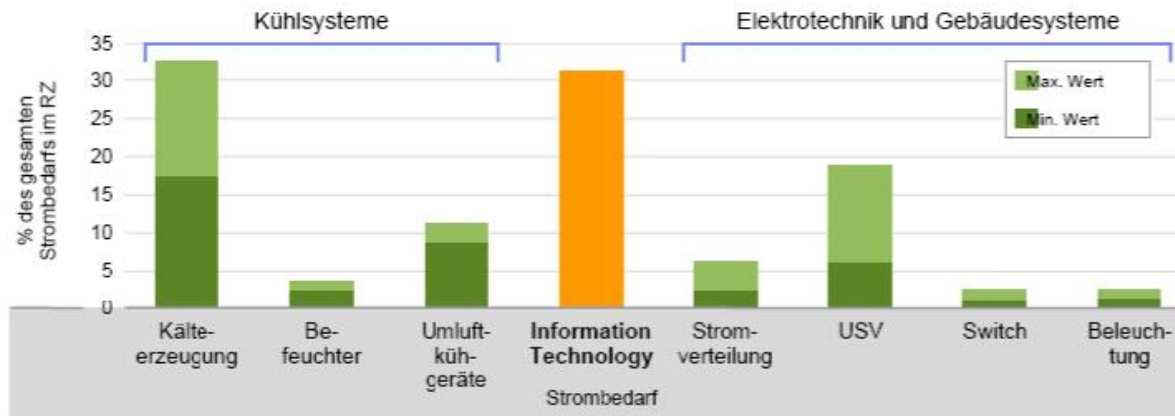
Energy.....

- Another summery with some slides from a colleague
- In German – but I will comment them

Wie wird die Energie im RZ verbraucht?



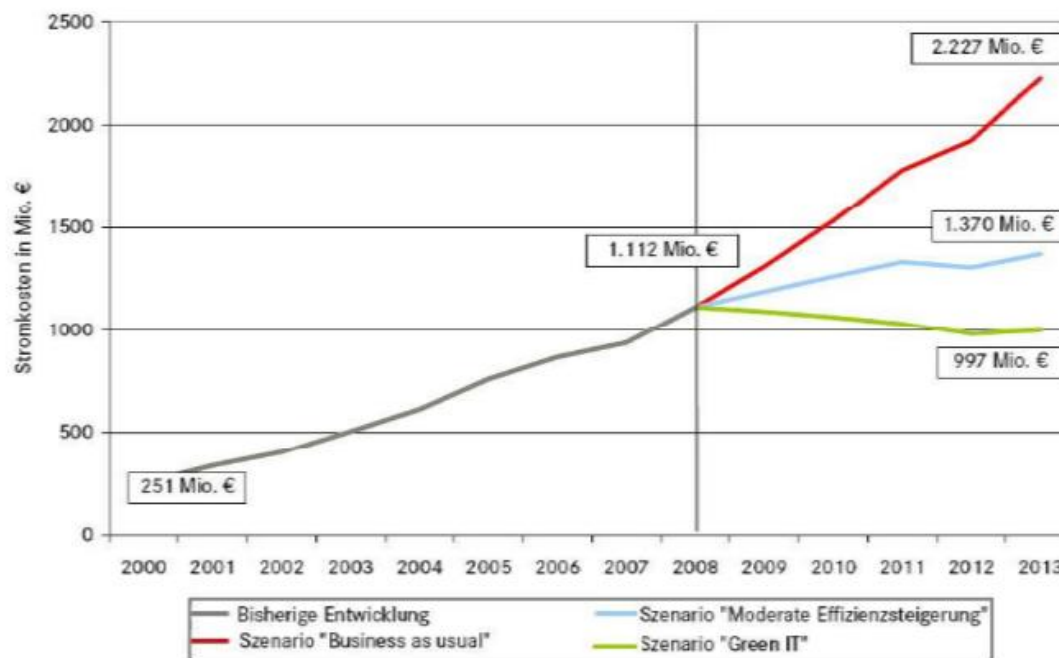
- Herausforderung ist die energetische Optimierung der physischen RZ-Umgebung und der IT-Infrastruktur



In einem typischen DC werden nur etwa 30 – 40 % der Energie für den Betrieb des IT-Equipment aufgewendet

Chart and data source: American Power Conversion Corporation (APC) white paper, Implementing Energy Efficient Data Centers, #114, by Neil Rasmussen, 2006.

Stromkosten von Servern und RZ's in D'land

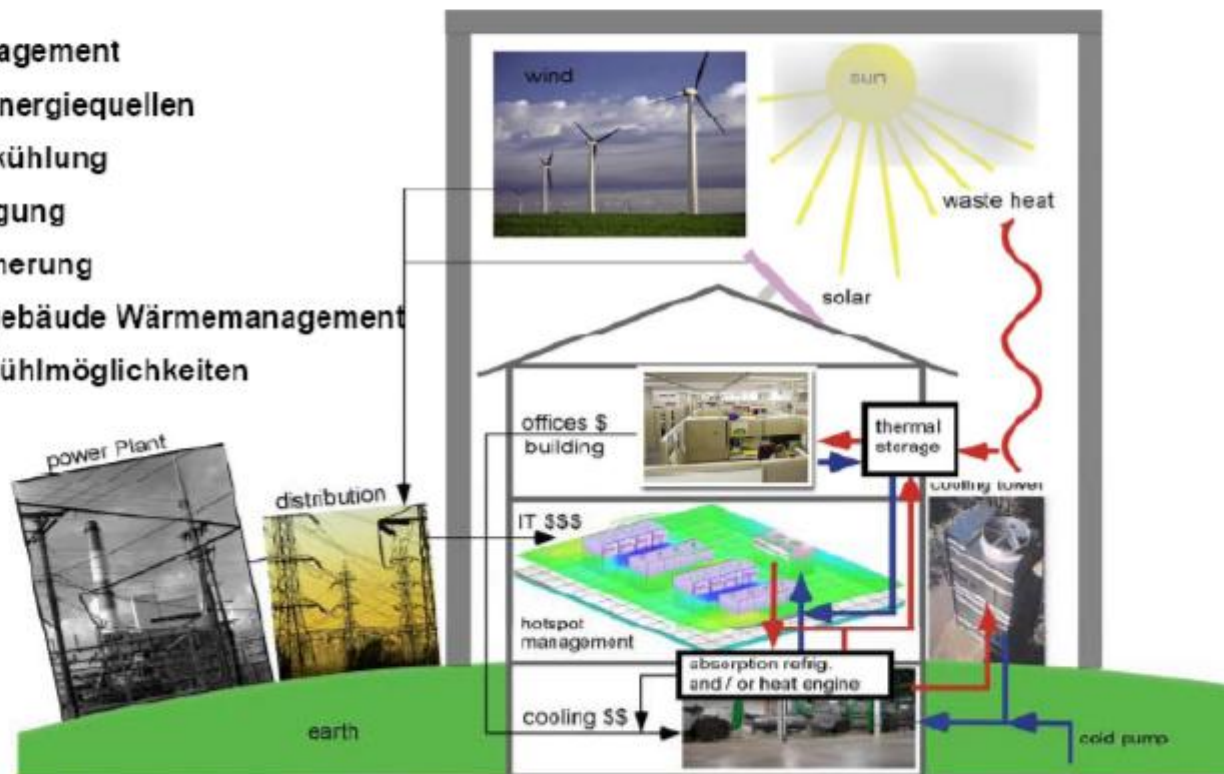


Quelle: Borderstep



Zukunft des Green RZ

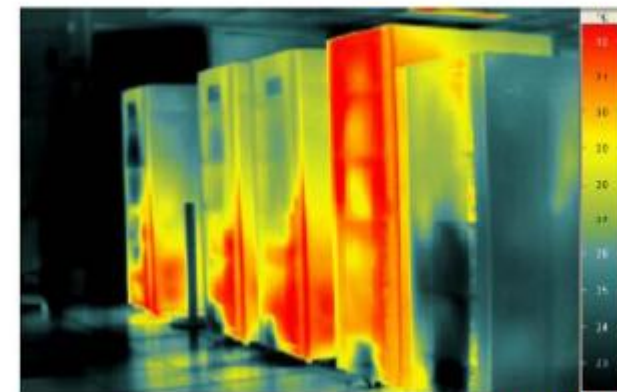
- Hotspot Management
- Alternative Energiequellen
- Absorptionskühlung
- Wärmeerzeugung
- Wärmespeicherung
- Intra & Intergebäude Wärmemanagement
- Alternative Kühlmöglichkeiten



Quelle: Bitkom

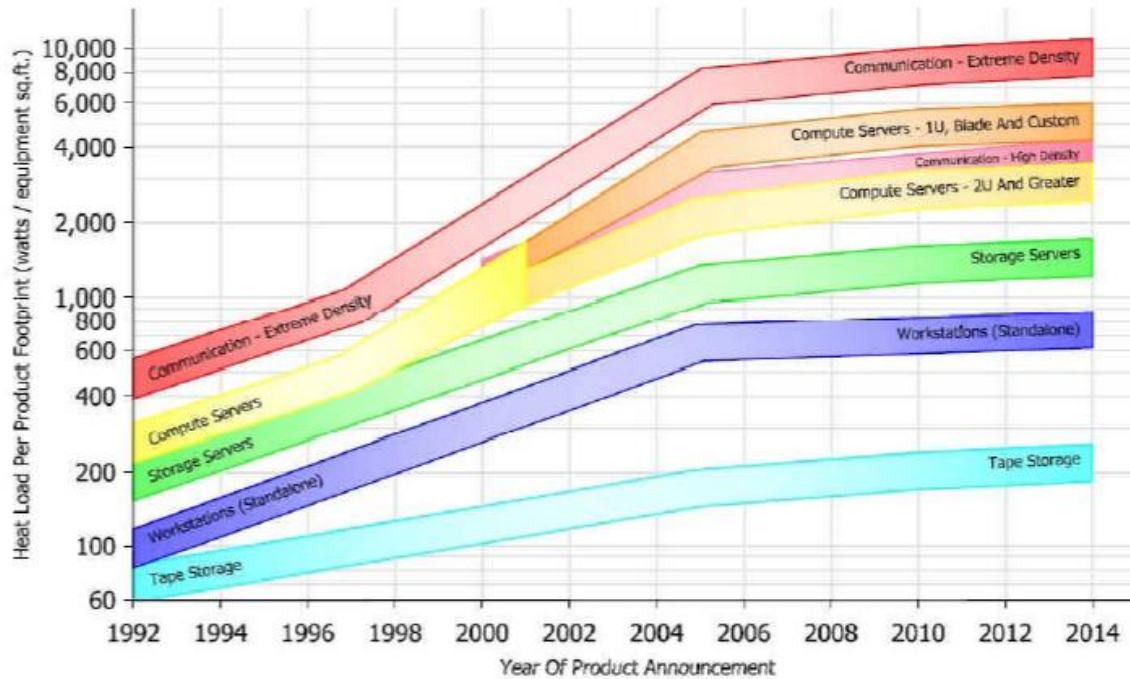
Dynamisches Workload Placement

- Aktive Kontrolle der Kühlungsressourcen
 - aktive Kontrolle auf Basis der Rack-Innentemperatur
 - 35 % Energieeinsparung plus gesteigerte Verlässlichkeit
- Dynamisches Workload Placement
 - basierend auf Kühlungseffizienz (Hot Spot Analyse)
- Management & und Controlling auf verschiedenen Ebenen
 - Server, Gehäuse, Rack, Data Center



Fotos: IBM / Bitkom

Trend Chart: Product Heat Density



Quelle: Uptime Institute, Footprint - Heat Density Trends

So what are the other tasks of a CC?

- **Certainly not administrative stuff**
 - Printing bills, running SAP, process financial data
- **Install and run computers so that scientists can use the resource**
 - Using a biologist to install his own machines is a waste of resources
 - How to guarantee the necessary flexibility?
 - Relay new concepts and ideas into the other sciences!
 - Make sure that there is „no shortage“
 - Make sure that scientists get the latest technology
 - What if scientists/grant agencies do not see the need? ☹
 - Large installations generate new research issues from the daily operation

Problems for science

- CPU clock rate is too high (???)
 - 3 GHz = 10 cm travel distance for light
 - Or: does the signal arrive in time
 - If not, how many cycles are lost?
 - Major problem for large clusters
- How do you boot many CPUs efficiently?
 - Whether they are in a cluster or a pool
- Flexible clusters?

Datennetz

Welche Daten werden transportiert?

- Zugriff auf die Server
- Zugriff auf unsere und andere Web-Server
- Zugriff auf Datenbanken von Bibliotheken
- Austausch von großen Mengen wissenschaftlicher Daten
 - (Sternwarte auf La Palma, Cern, Unis)
- Videokonferenzen

Da es keine Vorschriften im Sinne „der Nutzer darf dieses, jenes aber nicht“ gibt, kann man die zukünftige Entwicklung recht gut vorhersagen

- Industrie ist hier oft „blind“

Mail-Daten sind ein verschwindend kleiner Anteil am Datentransport

Gesamtvolumen nach draußen pro Monat: ca 100 TB

Backup & Archive – robot system

- Currently som 2500 TB of storage on tape
 - Advantage of tape: no energy consumption, hard to hack
- All machines on campus can backup their data into this system
 - Laptop lost with PhD thesis ??!?!?
 - User encryption possible
 - Keep several versions
 - User can initiate restore process
- Archive: long term storage of data, move automatically onto new storage technologies



New strategic services for the university

- Multimedia databases
- High quality video conferences
 - Including service
- E-learning activities
 - Part of faculty's job – but who runs the workflow?
- Lecture recording
- Podcasting
 - Apple iTunes



Stifterverband
für die Deutsche Wissenschaft

Campus online

der
Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg
im Programm „Lampus Online“ des Stifterverbandes für die Deutsche Wissenschaft und seinen
Partnern: Amazon GmbH, Juster Software-Stiftung gemeinnützige GmbH, Microsoft Deutschland GmbH,
Telefonix O2 Germany GmbH & Co. OHG und Sonoma GmbH & Co. KG

Stiftung des Stifterverbandes, Mitglied der Gesamtstrategie
Lampus Online, ein Projekt von O2 und anderen, ist eine Online-Plattform,
die die Universität Freiburg zum Einsatz für die Forschung und Lehre
zu unterstützen ermöglicht. In allen Angelegenheiten steht die Universität
zur Verfügung.

Freiburg, den 27. September 2008

Andreas Oetiker
Dr. Andreas Oetiker
Präsident des Stifterverbandes



Try to make sure that solutions fit

And avoid



Mobile user

mobile equipment



IT and management

- Suddenly IT is not only about „managing boxes“
- It is about „managing a university“
- Universities can be seen as companies
 - Not that they „produce“ things...
 - But there are certain similar structural issues
- How can IT contribute towards an improvement
 - The „cloud“ is only a part of this – the „cloud“ is nothing but a tool

Words and terms

- The term *Business IT Alignment* denotes the effort to make IT serve in line with the company targets.
- *IT-Governance* is the responsibility of governing board and management
... and is a vital part of leading a company. IT-Governance consists of guidance, organisational structures and processes which ensure that the IT supports the company strategies. (*wikipedia*).
- Business targets of a university?
Business targets of a professorship?
- Can management (=Rectorate) tell a professor (=central component of a university's reputation) what to do?
 - The professor knows best what his/her IT demands really are
 - Really ???!?

Nochmals überdenken...

- *Business IT Alignment*: did IT ever work independently of the company's target?
- Business target of a university?
Better: business interest of a university – the infrastructure has to be available and must be working
 - If the network does not work, everybody will complain because they cannot do their day-to-day business.
 - Ok – so there is a thing like „business“ – like in the sentence „mind your own business“
- Reformulate / rethink:
 - Where do we use IT in a university – and for what?
 - Can we gain efficiency by some combination?
 - What is missing – and what did we overlook?
 - Who has to do it?
 - Who coordinates and how drives matters?

Classical situation

- Professor / faculty run their own IT
 - Varying quality, lack of staff and money
 - Reasons can be found in the mainframe area
- Computer centre runs the common resources
 - Data network, email, filespace, www&co, server farms, GRID, printers
 - Sometimes even successful with „inhousing“
- Library runs its own IT-systems
- Administration has her own (and different) systems
 - And in certain parts even nothing
- Information exchange is traditional – via email
 - Reflecting the classical business process
 - Use doodle and telephone to arrange meetings
 - Isn't Facebook more modern?
- Some universities do even have an Identity Management
- But they are not really networked
 - Are we wasting resources ??

E-Learning

- Everybody talks about it 😊
- Why do we need it?
 - Because it is necessary?
 - Because we got grant money?
 - Online-Repositories to save copying?
 - Record lectures so that people do not have to get up early?
 - Record lectures so that young mothers can continue with their studies?
 - Great idea!! Where are the supporting structures?
 - What if you must be present in the lecture (because the examination rules require it?)
 - Ahhh – a business process is incorrect
- What IT-processes must be established so that e-Learning makes sense?
 - Which administrative processes must be changed?
 - und welche anderen Verwaltungsakte müssen verändert werden?
 - Not a pure IT issue – but IT can drive the discussion - or be driven by it ☹

Electronic publishing

- Each scientist does it on his/her own?
- What about Open Access
 - Oh yes – this is for free ?!?!?!?
- Wrong – there is a workflow involved:
 - Production of the publication
 - Alone or with collaboration tools – who offers these
 - Put the final paper into a university database?
 - Not necessary? Well, if there is money involved...
 - Storage in a university repository
 - Open Access only makes sense if you keep the data on your own server – so that the provider cannot simply raise operations costs
 - Unsolved issue of the „publication cloud“
 - How do we measure success?
- Can IT be of any help?
 - Who does it?
 - Is it necessary? Why do we have libraries?
- A core process which is obviously not IT aligned

New customers

- Technical management of buildings:

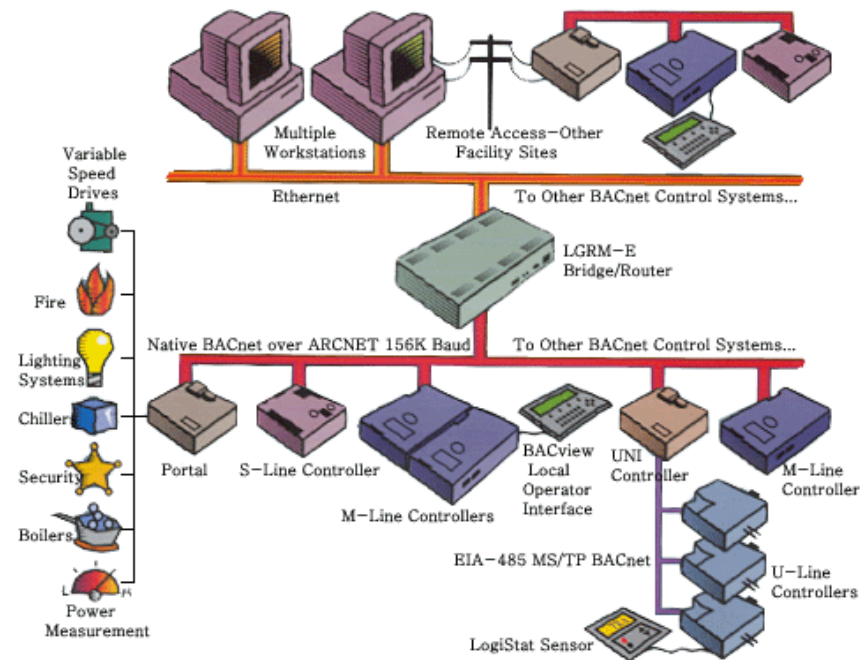
- Check meters
- Remote service
- Building management
- Heating, lighting
- Intelligent energy management
- Bacnet

- Known dangers

- Home office
- Viruses / stuxnet
- Attacks from outside
- Unfriendly takeovers
 - „remotely“ heat reactor’s office
 - Remotely „release animals
- QoS – reliability of the network

- What to do??

- Run away? Ignore it?
- Help finding solutions / „takeover“ ?



<http://www.kibms.co.kr/Ehomepage/BACnetE.htm>

Mobile phones

- Which mobile phone plan?
 - User profile? Usage plan? Who can do consulting? Tariffs abroad?
- Which phone?
 - Freedom of choice – or is functionality and cooperation with IT systems an issue?
 - Classical disaster: new boss with Blackberry arrives in a Blackberry-free institution
- Who configures the smartphones?
 - And re-configures them n times?
 - What should be configured?
 - Who can do the configuration?
- Choice of phones is **NOT** a decision about phones – it is a decision about system integration
 - Can be a costly enterprise!!
 - What should be the target configuration?
 - Who does error tracing? (phone vs. Groupware)
- System dependency 2.0 !

IT-Alignment – practical views:

- Company A has GroupWise
 - With company phone, data synchronisation, work at home, etc
- Company B uses Exchange
 - With company phone, data synchronisation, work at home, etc
- Company B buys company A
 - Introduction of Exchange into company A
 - Labour costs...
 - Configure company-A-phones for Exchange....
 - Lot of work
 - Offer to all members of staff to exchange their phones to company-B-Standard
 - So that error tracking becomes possible again for all staff members
- So overserved last year
- Is that really an IT business alignment?
- Only if company B had already moved all processes to a consistent and supporting IT structure

DFG: rules for good scientific behaviour

- Keep your data for 10 years
- Who does it?
- How is this ensured? (enforcement)
 - And how do young scientists learn about this need?
- And where do they store?
 - In the drawer? On a PC?
- Who is responsible in the end?
- And where is the necessary supporting infrastructure?
 - Mehr than jus a „tape robot“!

Student life cycle

- Great advances in the last 10 years
 - No more queues
 - Bachelor/Master-system depends on IT
- Too often it is believed that it suffices to map classical processes into IT processes
 - Registration -> online-registration
 - Application -> online-application
 - And so on
- Thus it is impossible to speed up processing times
 - Checking of forms, setting up orders of preference
- Attempt in Freiburg:
out-of-order-execution of the admission to law studies.
 - Admit before the official (legally binding) admission process is done !!?!?!
- Improvement of business process: we get the students we want – because we can „use“ them

Speech recognition

- Quite interesting performance now!
 - Lawyers love the software
- Best peripherals? How to connect?
- What is a good workflow?
- Long ago: send the cassettes
- Today : send the recordings as file via email
 - Even when they are big – and the mailer has a 30 MB limit
 - Even when they have to be squeezed through UMTS (which is sometimes only GPRS)
 - User complaints / user problems are the result – user has no idea, only experiences the effect
- Recordings are done on mobile phone and sent directly via email client
 - Really easy...
 - The detection rate is bad – why?? Blame the IT

GroupWare

- „slowly discovered“ by scientists
 - Thanks to smartphones
- Initial success – but then the individual solution does not work across platforms
 - Because they have other smartphones in other places
- Demand for a central solution
 - How is this offered?
 - By the IT centre, not at all, more staff required, outsourcing?
- Including „supersmart“ usage: attach large files (memos,.et) to the date in question
 - Calender database is 2GB or more
- When this data is synchronized via UTMS this will lead to observed „errors“
 - And hefty charges when used in foreign countries
- IT at faultt? Oder user error? Or user misconception?
 - When you argue „you don't use your Porsche to harvest bananas“ you get „well Porsche built tractors once“ as a reply

From CIO to CFO

- The more you work on putting IT into university life in a „seamless“ way, the more IT problems you find.
- „*I wish I had not started*“ is no alternative as IT is pushed into the business processes from all sides
 - Building management: technology is sold to the maintenance group
 - E-Learning: suddenly central office administration buys equipment
- Quite similar to the observations made when PCs started to penetrate into the university – but now this penetration happens on a larger scale
- And hits traditional business processes
- Which now turn faulty – since they do not match
 - See the example „GroupWare“
- Everything appeared to be well structured – and now you extinguish new fires everywhere
- CFO = Chief Fire Officer



Solutions...

- **More staff**
 - Quite unthinkable, given Germany's economic situation – or rather „focus“
- **Outsourcen**
 - A nice word to upset everyone!
 - Why: the fear of becoming useless
 - Why afraid? Because you do something someone else can do just as well
- **Avoid typical outsourcing mistakes**
 - Like handing over competence and control
 - Example: IT in the ministry: only what has been agreed upon will be done.
 - Who decides if the contract has to be extended?
 - Do you still keep your own IT centre of competence?
 - Or will change only happen if others tell you that you are running behind?
- **On the other hand: is it really necessary to do everything yourself?**
 - And reinvent the wheel?
 - Especially if your back is against the wall and you have no time for new ideas

Solutions... (?)

- Can you buy services that you did yourself up to now?
 - Without handing over control or losing competence?
 - Example: have your backup (TSM) servers remotely controlled but keep servers and robot in your house
 - Server for the door locks (windows....)
 - Exchange-Server??
 - Ready to run software (SaaS)
- Just the day-to-day operation – not control of contents!
- What about cooperation with other IT-centres?
 - Insist on contracts
 - To get internal backing
- Always the one target: gain time to improve IT processes

Solution: what about using the cloud?

- Amazon has filespace – can we use it and „remarket“ it?
 - To improve the own IT processes
- Can you buy NFS filespace and sell it internally as CIFS ?
- Advantage: clear your own filespace, move it to Amazon and sell your own high-performance filespace (which is now free) internally „with profit“
- Security? encryption!
- Not possible?
 - Counter examples: Dropbox, Teamdrive
- Their workflow functionality appears to be superior to classical fileservers
 - It allows for suitable IT processes for mobile users

fear:

- Others see out data
 - Use suitable (!!!!) contracts – I think we should trust contracts
 - For contract failures there is the legal profession – IT thinks only they can fix things
- Can't access the systems in emergencies
 - Prepare with proper contracts
 - Are the own staff members *really* available in an emergency?
- Too expensive
 - Yes – and no
 - Total cost of ownership: direct cost of staff, administrative cost, cost for discussion with staff, group leaders,...
 - Example: The Freiburg CC had its own service to keep the building open on Saturdays
- Fear stops you to put yourself into a better position against other providers
 - Dropbox...

Who should address the questions?

- IT centres always hired professional staff
 - Who can run servers
 - Who are the best programmers
 - Who cannot write applications for money
- Rarely they have a strategic understanding of user behaviour
 - Test: what is a mobile user?
- Staff training is a crucial thing
 - Not promotion – but staying fit
 - Keep up the understanding for IT processes from a bird's eye view – plus consulting and analysis
 - Chances are there when you hire new staff: try to rotate and free the position where it is needed and not where it is available

summary

- The problems are „lying on the street“
 - You only have to pick them up
 - Move IT centres from pizza box operator to consultant
- Business-IT-Alignment in a university means that you have to make sure that users can concentrate onto their core business since they have more time thanks to a working IT which fits
 - User problems by lack of knowledge or lack of training
 - User problems through „smart“ use of IT and resulting inconsistencies
- Business-IT-Alignment is a major issue for universities but they are not yet fit
 - Don't worry: companies aren't either – if you look in such a general context as we have discussed.