

Universidade Federal do Paraná (UFPR)  
Especialização em Engenharia Industrial 4.0

# Introdução ao Weka

Data Mining with Open Source Machine Learning  
Software in Java

David Menotti

[www.inf.ufpr.br/menotti/am-191](http://www.inf.ufpr.br/menotti/am-191)

# Hoje

- Weka
  - Introdução
  - Como instalar
  - Datasets
  - Usando algoritmos de:
    - Classificação
    - Clustering
    - Regressão

# Introdução

- Weka é uma coleção de algoritmos de aprendizado de máquina para tarefas de mineração de dados. Ele contém ferramentas para preparação de dados, classificação, regressão, agrupamento, mineração de regras de associação e visualização.
- Encontrada apenas nas ilhas da Nova Zelândia, a **Weka** é uma ave que não voa e tem uma natureza inquisitiva. O nome é pronunciado assim, e o pássaro soa assim.

# Introdução

- Weka é um software de código aberto emitido sob a ***GNU General Public License***.
- Sim, é possível aplicar a Weka para processar **big data** e realizar aprendizado profundo (**deep learning**)!

# Introdução

- No [site](#), existem vários cursos on-line gratuitos que ensinam aprendizado de máquina e mineração de dados usando o Weka. Confira no [site](#) os cursos para detalhes sobre quando e como se inscrever. Os vídeos dos cursos estão disponíveis no Youtube.

<https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/courses.html>



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## Free online courses on data mining with machine learning techniques in Weka

To help you explore the Weka software and learn about machine learning techniques for data mining and how to apply them, we have put together a series of three online courses that come with videos and plenty of exercises! They are hosted on the **FutureLearn** platform and are free of charge, but you can upgrade to receive an official FutureLearn Certificate of Achievement to use when applying for jobs or courses.

### Data Mining with Weka

Everybody talks about Data Mining and Big Data nowadays. Weka is a powerful, yet easy to use tool for machine learning and data mining. **Data Mining with Weka** introduces you to practical data mining.

# Manual

- Weka Manual
  - (v3-**6**-8) 03/05/2012
    - <http://www.nilc.icmc.usp.br/elc-ebralc2012/minicursos/WekaManual-3-6-8.pdf>
  - (v3-**7**-8) 21/01/2013
    - [http://statweb.stanford.edu/~lpekelis/13\\_datafest\\_cart/WekaManual-3-7-8.pdf](http://statweb.stanford.edu/~lpekelis/13_datafest_cart/WekaManual-3-7-8.pdf)

# Como Instalar

- Weka website (latest version 3.8/3.9)
  - <https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/>

<https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/downloading.html>



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## Downloading and installing Weka

There are two versions of Weka: Weka 3.8 is the latest stable version, and Weka 3.9 is the development version. For the bleeding edge, it is also possible to download nightly snapshots.

Stable versions receive only bug fixes, while the development version receives new features. Weka 3.8 and 3.9 feature a package management system that makes it easy for the Weka community to add new functionality to Weka. The package management system requires an internet connection in order to download and install packages.

# Como Instalar

<https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/downloading.html>

- **Stable version**

Weka 3.8 is the latest stable version of Weka. This branch of Weka receives bug fixes only, although new features may become available in packages. There are different options for downloading and installing it on your system.

- **Windows**

Click **here** to download a self-extracting executable for 64-bit Windows that includes Oracle's 64-bit Java VM 1.8 (weka-3-8-2jre-x64.exe; 265.4 MB)

Click **here** to download a self-extracting executable for 64-bit Windows without a Java VM (weka-3-8-2-x64.exe; 50.8 MB)

Click **here** to download a self-extracting executable for 32-bit Windows that includes Oracle's 32-bit Java VM 1.8 (weka-3-8-2jre-x86.exe; 257.2 MB)

Click **here** to download a self-extracting executable for 32-bit Windows without a Java VM (weka-3-8-2.exe; 50.8 MB)

Basta baixar / executar Weka-3-8-2jre-x64.exe

ou

Basta baixar / executar Weka-3-8-2-x64.exe



# Como Instalar



<https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/downloading.html>


- **Mac OS X**

Click **here** to download a disk image for OS X that contains a Mac application including Oracle's Java 1.8 JVM (weka-3-8-2-oracle-jvm.dmg; 124.2 MB)

- **Other platforms (Linux, etc.)**



Click **here** to download a zip archive containing Weka (weka-3-8-2.zip; 51.2 MB)



Unzip the zip file. This will create a new directory called weka-3-8-2. To run Weka, change into that directory and type

```
java -jar weka.jar
```



Note that Java needs to be installed on your system for this to work. Also note, that using `-jar` will override your current `CLASSPATH` variable and only use the `weka.jar`.

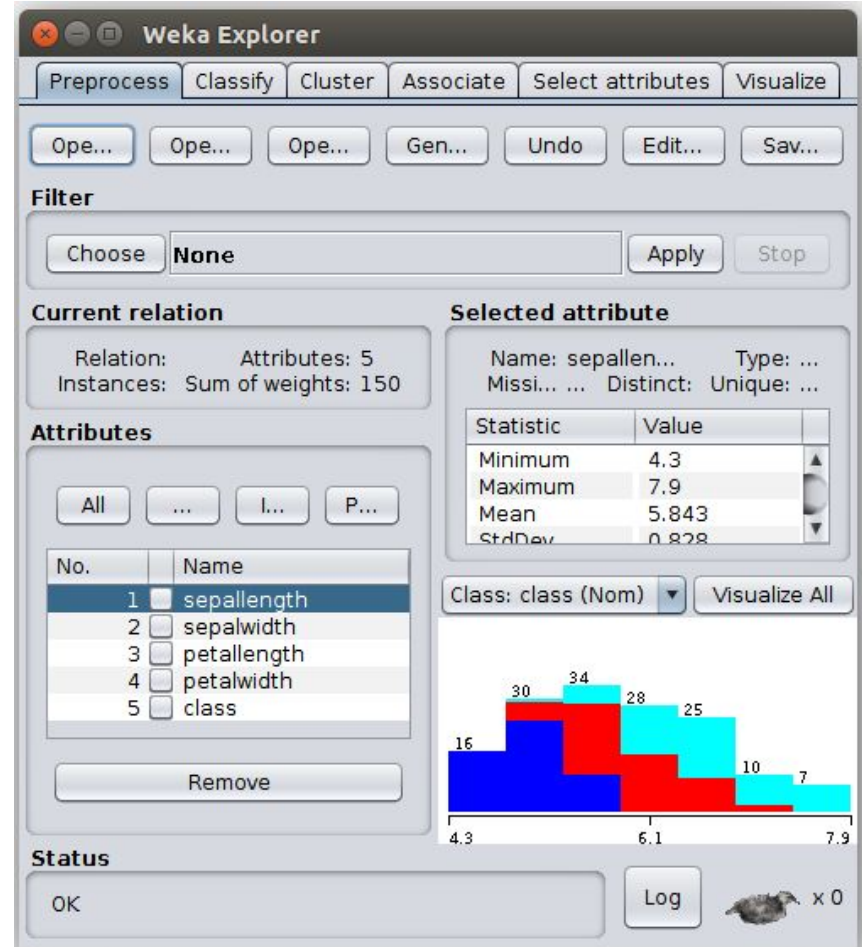
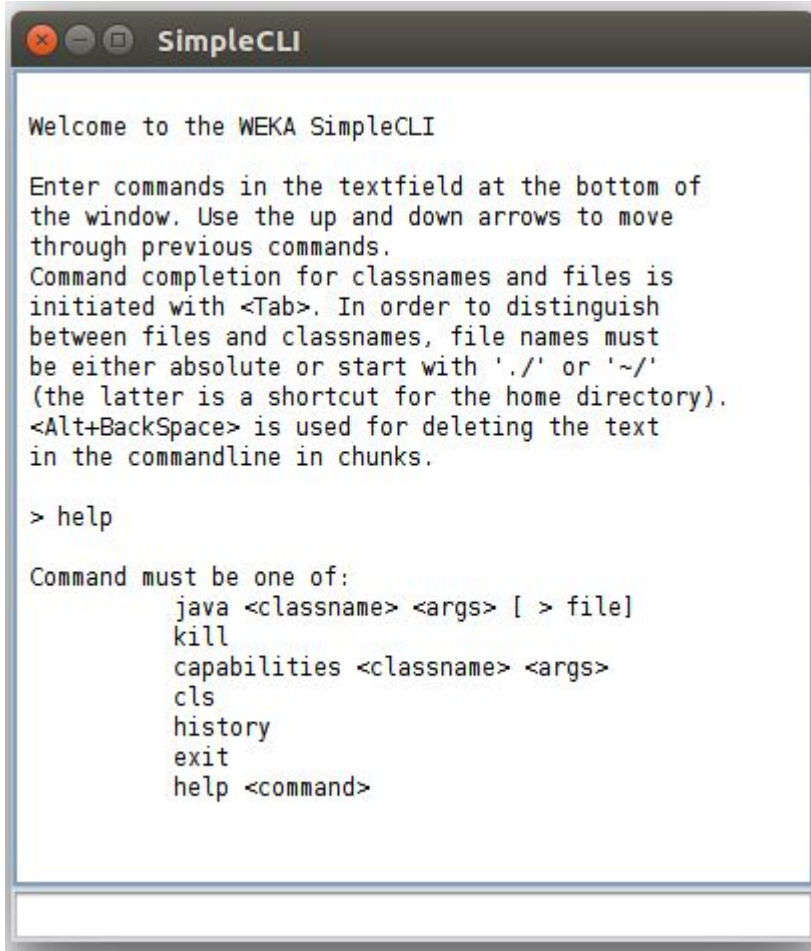


# CLI vs GUI

- Início



# CLI vs GUI



# Atributos

- *Nominal*: um de uma lista predefinida de valores  
– e.g. vermelho, azul, amarelo
- *Numérico*: Um número real ou inteiro
- *String*: delimitada por “aspas duplas”
- *Data*
- *Relational*

# Arquivos ARFF

- A representação das instâncias
- Consiste em:
  - Um cabeçalho (header): Descreve os tipos de atributos e seus valores
  - Seção de dados: lista de dados separada por vírgula

# Exemplo de Arquivo ARFF

```
% This is a toy example, the UCI weather dataset  
% Any relation to real weather is purely coincidental
```

```
@relation weather.symbolic
```

```
@attribute outlook {sunny, overcast, rainy}
```

```
@attribute temperature {hot, mild, cool}
```

```
@attribute humidity {high, normal}
```

```
@attribute windy {TRUE, FALSE}
```

```
@attribute play {yes, no}
```

```
@data
```

```
sunny,hot,high,FALSE,no
```

```
sunny,hot,high,TRUE,no
```

```
overcast,hot,high,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,mild,high,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,cool,normal,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,cool,normal,TRUE,no
```

```
overcast,cool,normal,TRUE,yes
```

```
sunny,mild,high,FALSE,no
```

```
sunny,cool,normal,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,mild,normal,FALSE,yes
```

```
sunny,mild,normal,TRUE,yes
```

```
overcast,mild,high,TRUE,yes
```

```
overcast,hot,normal,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,mild,high,TRUE,no
```

Comment

Nome do Dataset

Atributos

Classe / Meta

Dados/Valores

# ARFF

```
% This is a toy example, the UCI weather dataset  
% Any relation to real weather is purely coincidental
```

```
@relation weather.symbolic
```

```
@attribute outlook {sunny, overcast, rainy}
```

```
@attribute temperature {hot, mild, cool}
```

```
@attribute humidity {high, normal}
```

```
@attribute windy {TRUE, FALSE}
```

```
@attribute play {yes, no}
```

```
@data
```

```
sunny,hot,high,FALSE,no
```

```
sunny,hot,high,TRUE,no
```

```
overcast,hot,high,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,mild,high,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,cool,normal,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,cool,normal,TRUE,no
```

```
overcast,cool,normal,TRUE,yes
```

```
sunny,mild,high,FALSE,no
```

```
sunny,cool,normal,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,mild,normal,FALSE,yes
```

```
sunny,mild,normal,TRUE,yes
```

```
overcast,mild,high,TRUE,yes
```

```
overcast,hot,normal,FALSE,yes
```

```
rainy,mild,high,TRUE,no
```

Comment

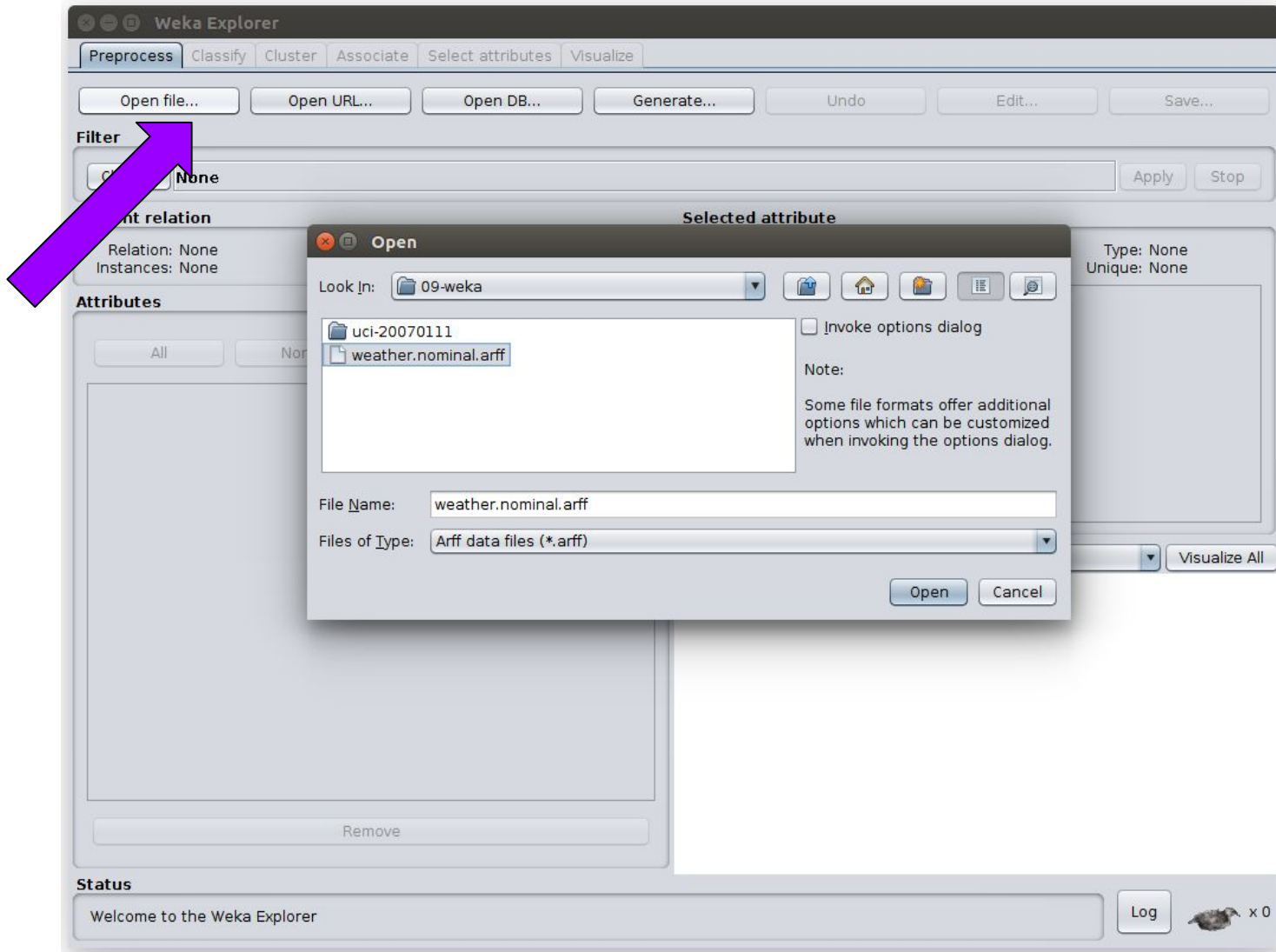
Nome do Dataset

Atributos

Classe / Meta

Dados/Valores

# Abrindo um Dataset





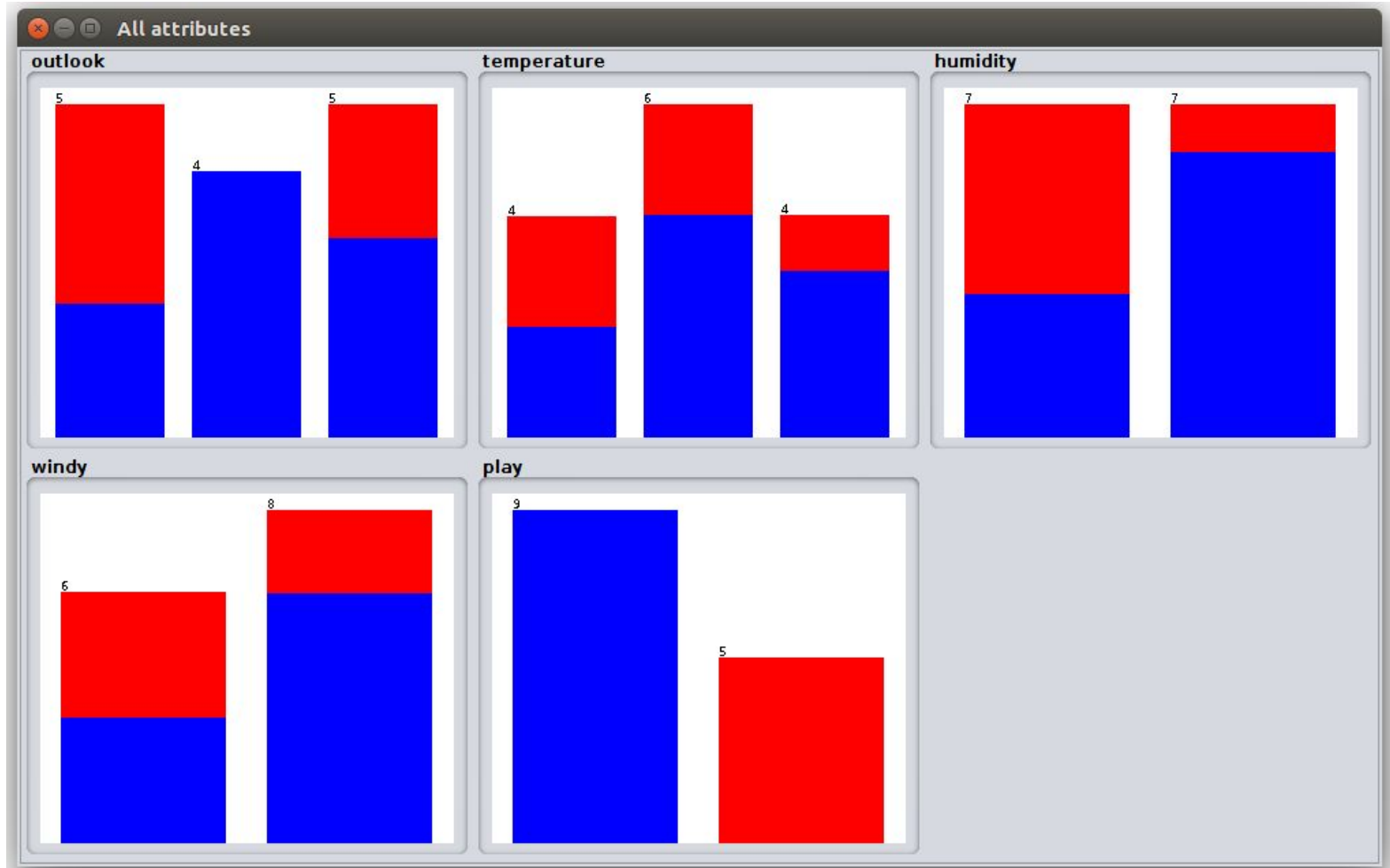
# Visualizando

The screenshot shows the Weka Explorer interface. The 'Visualize' tab is selected in the menu bar. The toolbar contains buttons for 'Open file...', 'Open UR...', 'Open DB...', 'Generate...', 'Undo', 'Edit...', and 'Save...'. The 'Filter' section has a 'Choose' button and a dropdown menu set to 'None', with 'Apply' and 'Stop' buttons. The 'Current relation' panel shows 'Relation: weather.symbolic', 'Attributes: 5', and 'Instances: 14'. The 'Selected attribute' panel shows 'Name: outlook', 'Type: Nominal', 'Missing: 0 (0%)', 'Distinct: 3', and 'Unique: 0 (0%)'. Below this is a table with 4 columns: 'No.', 'Label', 'Count', and 'Weight'. The 'Attributes' panel has buttons for 'All', 'None', 'Invert', and 'Pattern', and a list of attributes with checkboxes: 'outlook' (checked), 'temperature', 'humidity', 'windy', and 'play'. A 'Remove' button is at the bottom. The 'Class' dropdown is set to 'play (Nom)', and the 'Visualize All' button is highlighted by a purple arrow. The visualization area shows a stacked bar chart with three bars. The first bar (sunny) has a total height of 5, with a blue base of 2 and a red top of 3. The second bar (overcast) has a total height of 4, all blue. The third bar (rainy) has a total height of 5, with a blue base of 3 and a red top of 2.

No.	Label	Count	Weight
1	sunny	5	5.0
2	overcast	4	4.0
3	rainy	5	5.0

Label	Count	Weight
sunny	5	5.0
overcast	4	4.0
rainy	5	5.0

# Visualizando

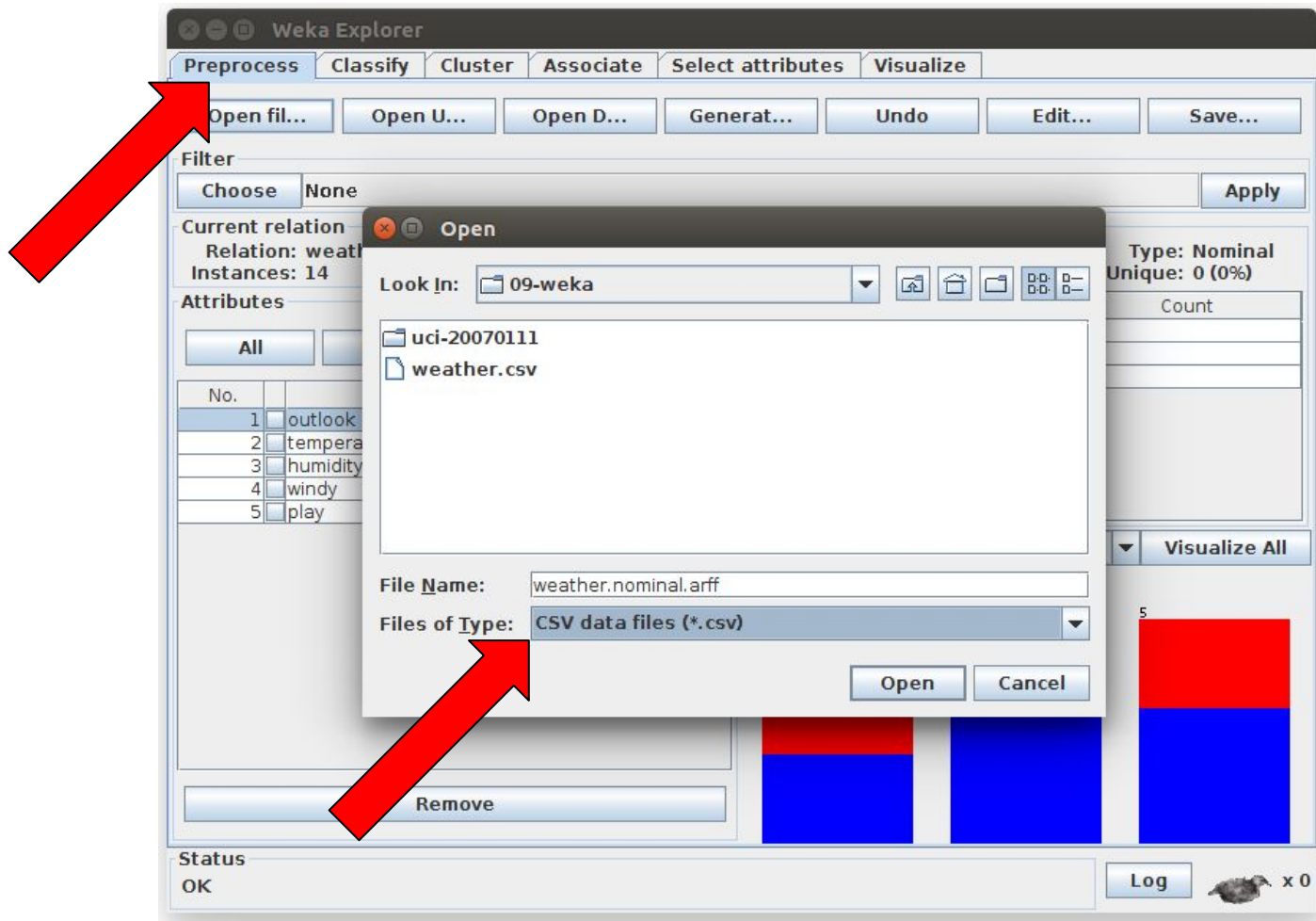


# Excel => CSV

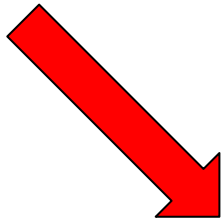
	A	B	C	D	E
1	outlook	temperature	humidity	windy	play
2	sunny	hot	high	FALSE	no
3	sunny	hot	high	TRUE	no
4	overcast	hot	high	FALSE	yes
5	rainy	mild	high	FALSE	yes
6	rainy	cool	normal	FALSE	yes
7	rainy	cool	normal	TRUE	no
8	overcast	cool	normal	TRUE	yes
9	sunny	mild	high	FALSE	no
10	sunny	cool	normal	FALSE	yes
11	rainy	mild	normal	FALSE	yes
12	sunny	mild	normal	TRUE	yes
13	overcast	mild	high	TRUE	yes
14	overcast	hot	normal	FALSE	yes
15	rainy	mild	high	TRUE	no
16					

```
weather.csv
outlook,temperature,humidity,windy,play
sunny,hot,high,FALSE,no
sunny,hot,high,TRUE,no
overcast,hot,high,FALSE,yes
rainy,mild,high,FALSE,yes
rainy,cool,normal,FALSE,yes
rainy,cool,normal,TRUE,no
overcast,cool,normal,TRUE,yes
sunny,mild,high,FALSE,no
sunny,cool,normal,FALSE,yes
rainy,mild,normal,FALSE,yes
sunny,mild,normal,TRUE,yes
overcast,mild,high,TRUE,yes
overcast,hot,normal,FALSE,yes
rainy,mild,high,TRUE,no
```

# Excel => CSV



# Software > Datasets



<https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/datasets.html>

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## Collections of Datasets

Some example datasets are included in the Weka distribution.

Available separately:

- A jarfile containing 37 classification problems, originally obtained from the **UCI repository (datasets-UCI.jar, 1,190,961 Bytes)**.
- A jarfile containing 37 regression problems, obtained from various sources (**datasets-numeric.jar, 169,344 Bytes**).
- A jarfile containing 6 agricultural datasets obtained from agricultural researchers in New Zealand (**agridatasets.jar, 31,200 Bytes**).
- A jarfile containing 30 regression datasets collected by Luis Torgo (**regression-datasets.jar, 10,090,266 Bytes**).
- A gzip'ed tar containing **UCI** and **UCI KDD** datasets (**uci-20070111.tar.gz, 17,952,832 Bytes**)
- A gzip'ed tar containing **StatLib** datasets (**statlib-20050214.tar.gz, 12,785,582 Bytes**)
- A gzip'ed tar containing ordinal, real-world datasets donated by **Dr. Arie Ben David (Holon Inst. of Technology/Israel) (datasets-arie\_ben\_david.tar.gz, 11,348 Bytes)**
- A zip file containing 19 multi-class (1-of-n) text datasets donated by **George Forman/Hewlett-Packard Labs (19MclassTextWc.zip, 14,084,828 Bytes)**
- A bzip'ed tar file containing the Reuters21578 dataset split into separate files according to the ModApte split (**reuters21578-ModApte.tar.bz2, 81,745,032 Bytes**)
- A zip file containing 41 drug design datasets formed using the Adriana.Code software - **www.molecular-networks.com/software/adrianacode** - donated by **Dr. M. Fatih Amasyali (Yildiz Technical University) (Drug-datasets.zip, 11,376,153 Bytes)**
- A zip file containing 80 artificial datasets generated from the Friedman function donated by **Dr. M. Fatih Amasyali (Yildiz Technical University) (Friedman-datasets.zip, 5,802,204 Bytes)**

After expanding into a directory using your jar utility (or an archive program that handles tar-archives/zip files in case of the gzip'ed tars/zip files), these datasets may be used with Weka.

Other datasets in ARFF format:

- **Protein data sets**, maintained by **Shuiwang Ji, CS Department, Louisiana State University/USA**
- **Kent Ridge Biomedical Data Set Repository**, maintained by **Jinyan Li and Huiqing Liu, Institute for Infocomm Research, Singapore**
- **Repository for Epitope Datasets (RED)**, maintained by **Yasser El-Manzalawy, Iowa State University.**

# WEKA Datasets

- Alguns datasets em formato **ARFF**

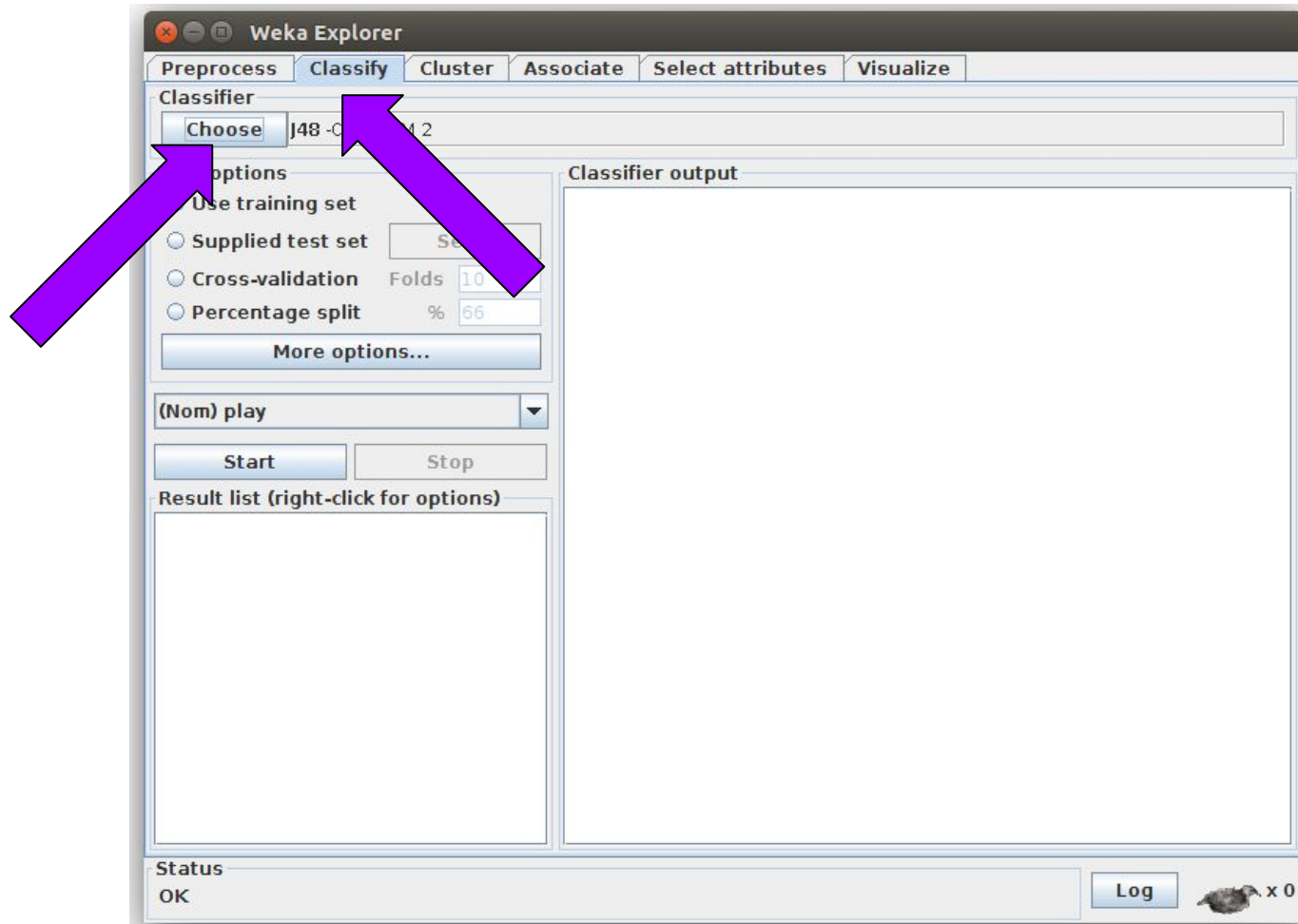
<http://storm.cis.fordham.edu/~gweiss/data-mining/datasets.html>

- [contact-lens.arff](#)
- [cpu.arff](#)
- [cpu.with-vendor.arff](#)
- [diabetes.arff](#)
- [glass.arff](#)
- [ionosphere.arff](#)
- [iris.arff](#)
- [labor.arff](#)
- [ReutersCorn-train.arff](#)
- [ReutersCorn-test.arff](#)
- [ReutersGrain-train.arff](#)
- [ReutersGrain-test.arff](#)
- [segment-challenge.arff](#)
- [segment-test.arff](#)
- [soybean.arff](#)
- [supermarket.arff](#)
- [vote.arff](#)
- [weather.arff](#)
- [weather.nominal.arff](#)

# Classificação

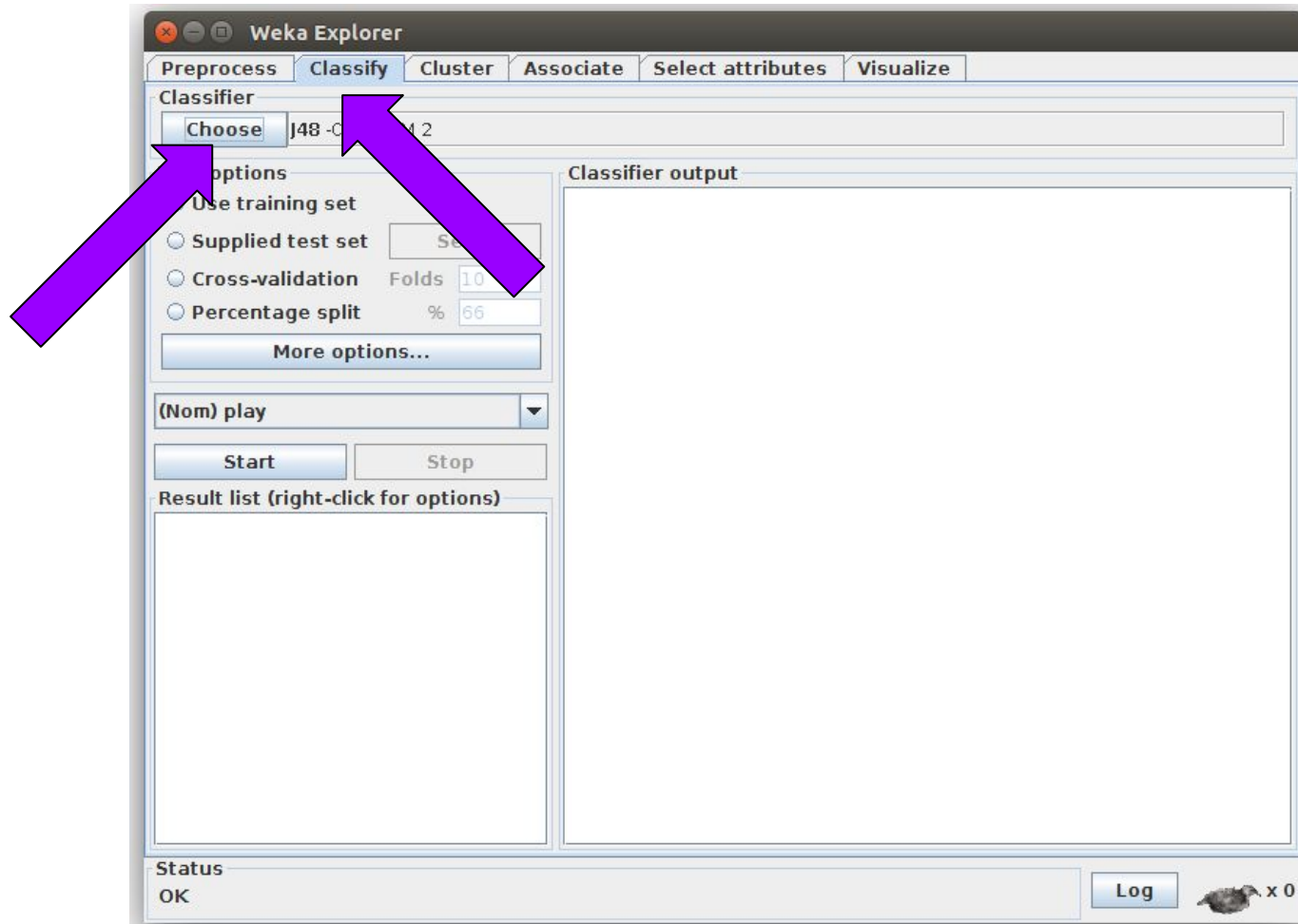
- Como gerar:
  - uma árvore de decisão J48
  - um k-NN
  - Naive Bayes classifier
  - MLP
  - SVM
  - PCA

# Classify > Choose





# Classify > tree > J48



# Classify > tree > J48

The screenshot shows the Weka Explorer interface with the 'Classify' tab selected. The classifier is set to 'J48 -C 0.25 -M 2'. The 'Test options' section has 'Use training set' selected. The 'Classifier output' pane displays the following results:

```
Time taken to build model: 0.01 seconds
=== Evaluation on training set ===
=== Summary ===
Correctly Classified Instances      14      100 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    0         0 %
Kappa statistic                     1
Mean absolute error                  0
Root mean squared error              0
Relative absolute error              0 %
Root relative squared error          0 %
Total Number of Instances           14

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

```

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC Area
1	1	0	1	1	1	
0	1	0	1	1	1	
Weighted Avg.	1	0	1	1	1	

```

=== Confusion Matrix ===
 a b  <-- classified as
 9 0 | a = yes
 0 5 | b = no

```

Two purple arrows point to the 'Use training set' radio button and the 'Start' button. A red arrow points to the '100 %' value in the 'Correctly Classified Instances' row of the summary table.

# Classifier output

The screenshot shows the Weka Explorer interface with the 'Classify' tab selected. The classifier chosen is 'J48 -C 0.25 -M 2'. The 'Classifier output' pane displays the following information:

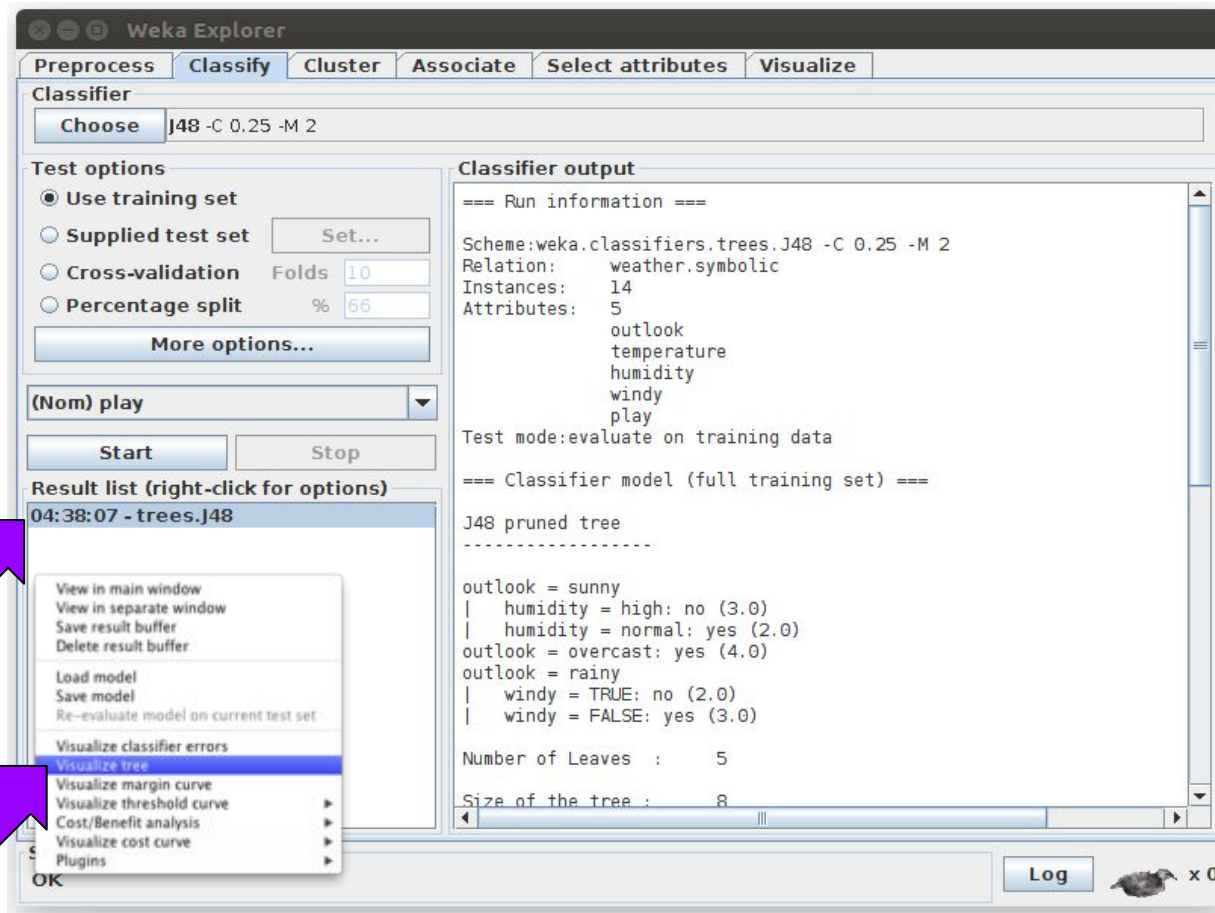
```
=== Run information ===  
Scheme:weka.classifiers.trees.J48 -C 0.25 -M 2  
Relation: weather.symbolic  
Instances: 14  
Attributes: 5  
    outlook  
    temperature  
    humidity  
    windy  
    play  
Test mode:evaluate on training data  
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===  
J48 pruned tree  
-----  
outlook = sunny  
| humidity = high: no (3.0)  
| humidity = normal: yes (2.0)  
outlook = overcast: yes (4.0)  
outlook = rainy  
| windy = TRUE: no (2.0)  
| windy = FALSE: yes (3.0)  
  
Number of Leaves : 5  
Size of the tree : 8
```

Two red arrows point to the 'Classifier output' header and the decision tree structure. A red text label 'Árvore / Regras Geradas' is positioned to the right of the tree structure.

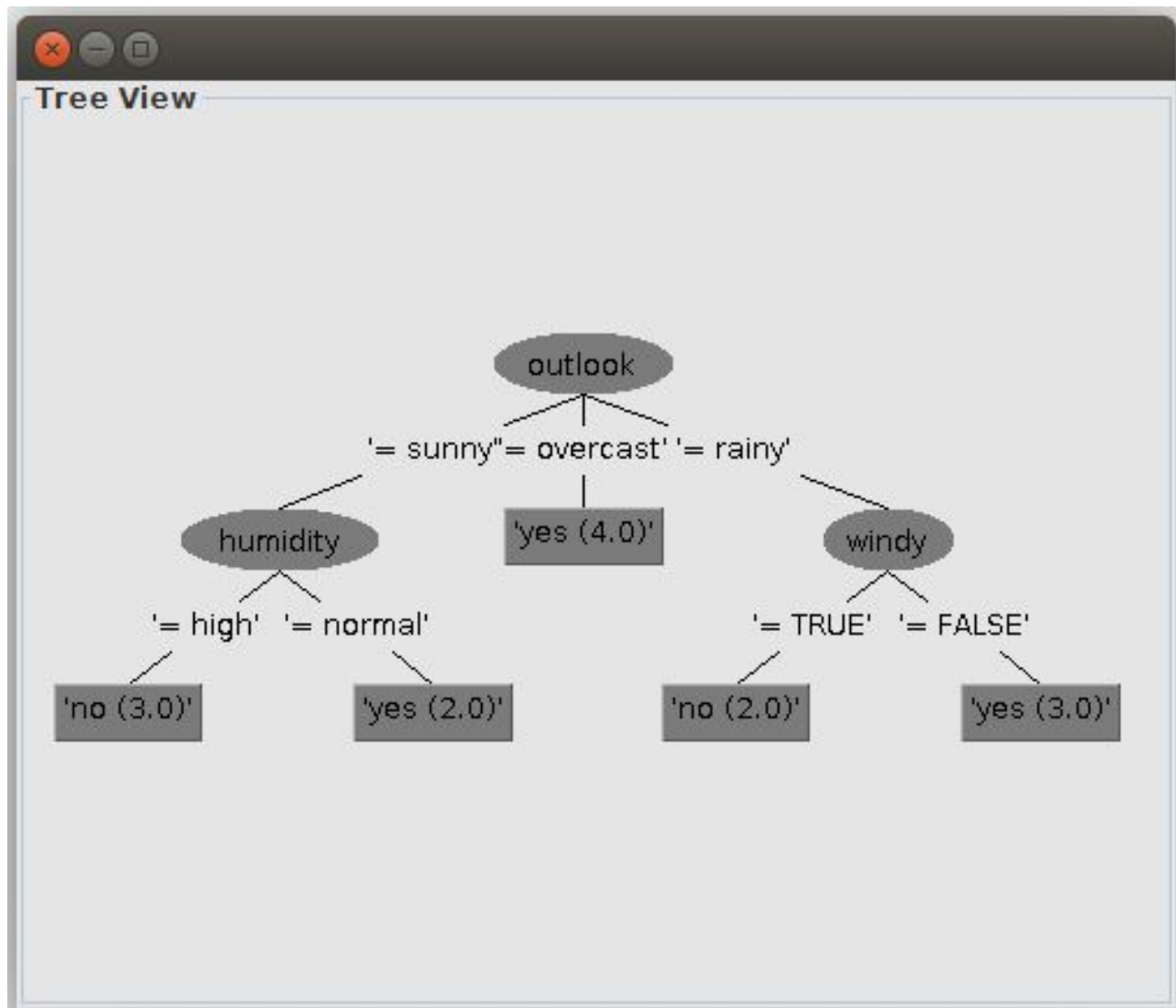
Árvore / Regras Geradas

# Visualize

Clique com botão direito



# Visualize



# Código em Java

```
import java.awt.BorderLayout;  
import java.io.BufferedReader;  
import java.io.FileReader;
```

```
import weka.classifiers.*;  
import weka.classifiers.trees.J48;  
import weka.core.Instances;  
import weka.gui.treevisualizer.PlaceNode2;  
import weka.gui.treevisualizer.TreeVisualizer;
```

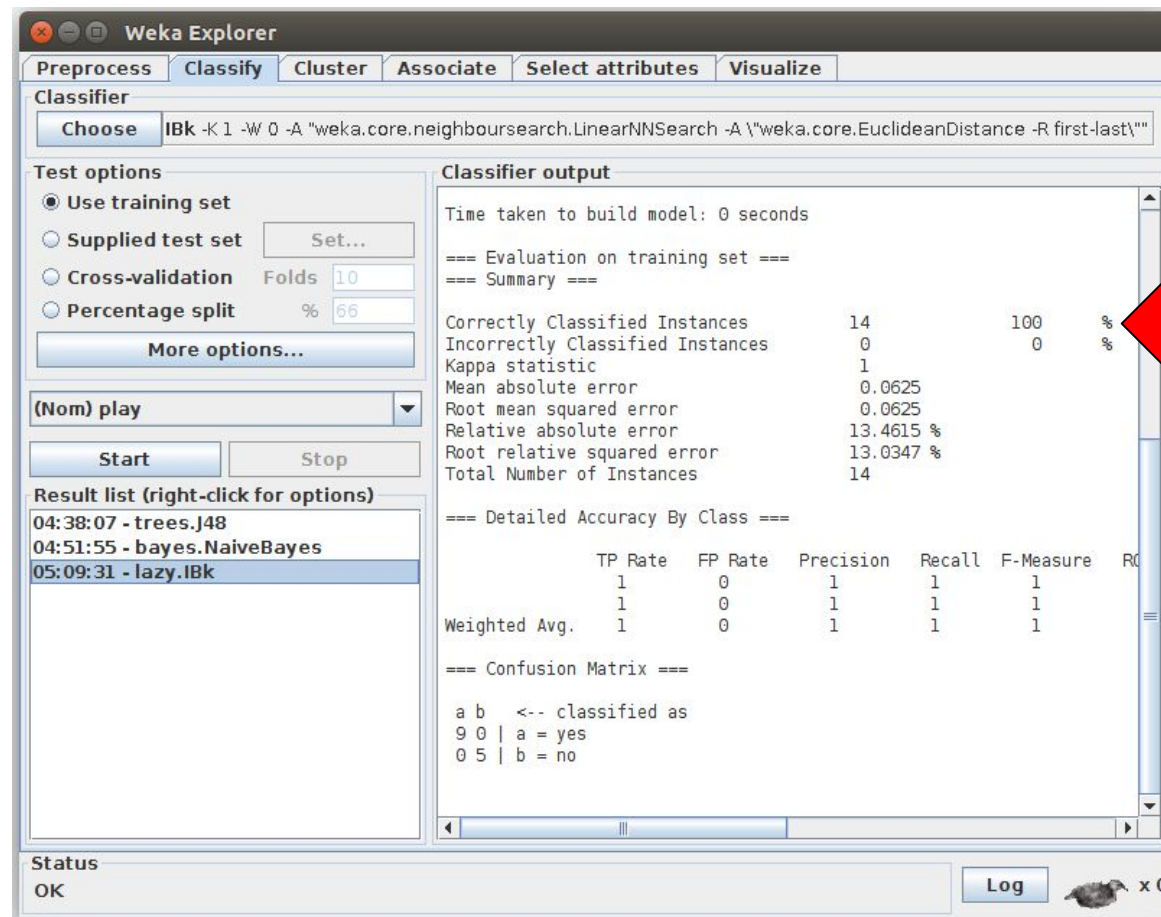
```
public class WekaJ48 {  
    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception {  
        // train classifier  
        J48 cls = new J48();  
        Instances data = new Instances(new BufferedReader(new FileReader("D:\\sample.arff")));  
        data.setClassIndex(data.numAttributes() - 1);  
        cls.buildClassifier(data);  
    }  
}
```

# Código em Java

```
// display classifier
final javax.swing.JFrame jf =
    new javax.swing.JFrame("Weka Classifier Tree Visualizer: J48");
jf.setSize(500,400);
jf.getContentPane().setLayout(new BorderLayout());
TreeVisualizer tv = new TreeVisualizer(null,
    cls.graph(),
    new PlaceNode2());
jf.getContentPane().add(tv, BorderLayout.CENTER);
jf.addWindowListener(new java.awt.event.WindowAdapter() {
    public void windowClosing(java.awt.event.WindowEvent e) {
        jf.dispose();
    }
});

jf.setVisible(true);
tv.fitToScreen();
}
```

# Classify > Lazy > k-NN (IBk)



The screenshot shows the Weka Explorer interface with the 'Classify' tab selected. The classifier is set to 'IBk' with the following command: `IBk -K 1 -W 0 -A "weka.core.neighboursearch.LinearNNSearch -A \"weka.core.EuclideanDistance -R first-last\""`. The 'Test options' section shows 'Use training set' selected. The 'Classifier output' pane displays the following results:

```
Time taken to build model: 0 seconds
=== Evaluation on training set ===
=== Summary ===
Correctly Classified Instances      14      100 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    0        0 %
Kappa statistic                    1
Mean absolute error                 0.0625
Root mean squared error             0.0625
Relative absolute error             13.4615 %
Root relative squared error         13.0347 %
Total Number of Instances          14

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

```

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC
1	1	0	1	1	1	
0	1	0	1	1	1	
Weighted Avg.	1	0	1	1	1	

```
=== Confusion Matrix ===
 a b  <-- classified as
 9 0 | a = yes
 0 5 | b = no
```

A red arrow points to the '100 %' value in the 'Correctly Classified Instances' row of the summary table.



# Classify > function > SVM

- Deve-se instalar o LibSVM
  - LIBSVM - A Library for Support Vector Machines
    - <https://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/libsvm/>

# Classify > function > SMO

The screenshot shows the Weka Explorer interface with the 'Classify' tab selected. The classifier chosen is 'SMO -C 1.0 -L 0.001 -P 1.0E-12 -N 0 -V -1 -W 1 -K "weka.classifiers.functions.supportVector.PolyKernel -C 2500'. The 'Test options' section shows 'Use training set' selected. The 'Classifier output' pane displays the following results:

```
Time taken to build model: 0.08 seconds
=== Evaluation on training set ===
=== Summary ===
Correctly Classified Instances      14      100
Incorrectly Classified Instances    0        0
Kappa statistic                     1
Mean absolute error                 0.0245
Root mean squared error             0.0354
Relative absolute error             5.2713 %
Root relative squared error        7.3845 %
Total Number of Instances          14

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===
                TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure
                1      0      1          1          1
                1      0      1          1          1
Weighted Avg.   1      0      1          1          1

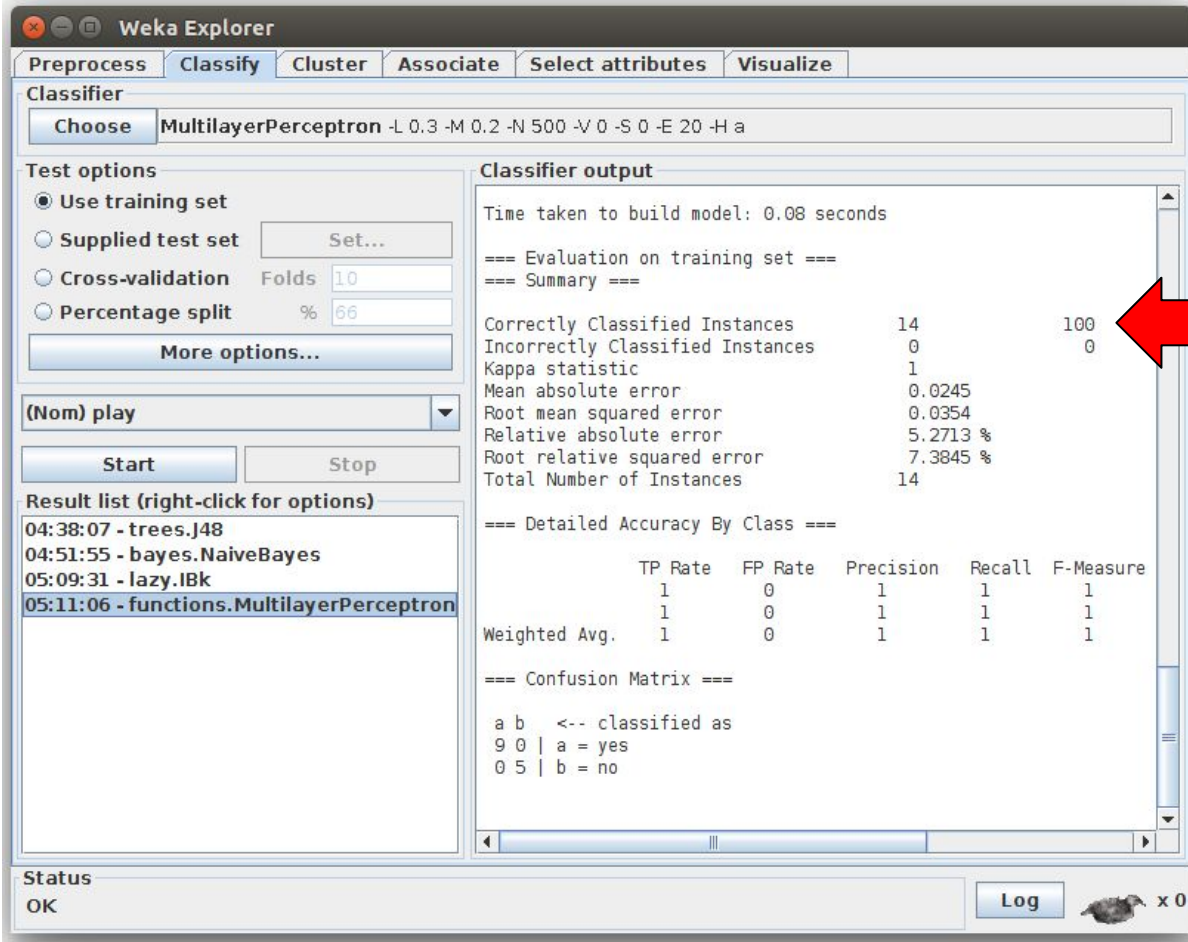
=== Confusion Matrix ===
 a b  <-- classified as
 9 0 | a = yes
 0 5 | b = no
```

A red arrow points to the '100' value in the 'Correctly Classified Instances' row of the summary table.

**Status**  
OK

Log x 0

# Classify > function > MLP



The screenshot shows the Weka Explorer interface with the 'Classify' tab selected. The classifier chosen is 'MultilayerPerceptron' with parameters: -L 0.3 -M 0.2 -N 500 -V 0 -S 0 -E 20 -H a. The 'Test options' section shows 'Use training set' selected. The 'Classifier output' pane displays the following results:

```
Time taken to build model: 0.08 seconds
=== Evaluation on training set ===
=== Summary ===
Correctly Classified Instances      14      100
Incorrectly Classified Instances    0        0
Kappa statistic                     1
Mean absolute error                 0.0245
Root mean squared error             0.0354
Relative absolute error             5.2713 %
Root relative squared error         7.3845 %
Total Number of Instances          14

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===
              TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure
1              1        0           1          1          1
0              1        0           1          1          1
Weighted Avg.   1        0           1          1          1

=== Confusion Matrix ===
 a b  <-- classified as
 9 0 | a = yes
 0 5 | b = no
```

The 'Result list' on the left shows the following entries:

- 04:38:07 - trees.J48
- 04:51:55 - bayes.NaiveBayes
- 05:09:31 - lazy.IBk
- 05:11:06 - functions.MultilayerPerceptron**

The status bar at the bottom indicates 'OK' and has a 'Log' button.

# Select Attributes > PCA

The screenshot shows the Weka Explorer interface with the 'Select attributes' tab selected. The 'Attribute Evaluator' is set to 'PrincipalComponents -R 0.95 -A 5'. The 'Search Method' is 'Ranker -T -1.7976931348623157E308 -N -1'. The 'Attribute Selection Mode' is 'Use full training set' with 'Folds' set to 10 and 'Seed' set to 1. The 'Attribute selection output' pane displays the following information:

**Correlation matrix**

1	-0.11	0.87	0.82
-0.11	1	-0.42	-0.36
0.87	-0.42	1	0.96
0.82	-0.36	0.96	1

**eigenvalue      proportion      cumulative**

2.91082	0.7277	0.7277	0.581petallength+0.566petalwidth+0.522sepalwidth-0.2634sepalwidth
0.92122	0.23031	0.95801	-0.926sepalwidth-0.372sepalwidth-0.065petalwidth-0.021petalwidth

**Eigenvectors**

V1	V2	
0.5224	-0.3723	sepalwidth
-0.2634	-0.9256	sepalwidth
0.5813	-0.0211	petallength
0.5656	-0.0654	petalwidth

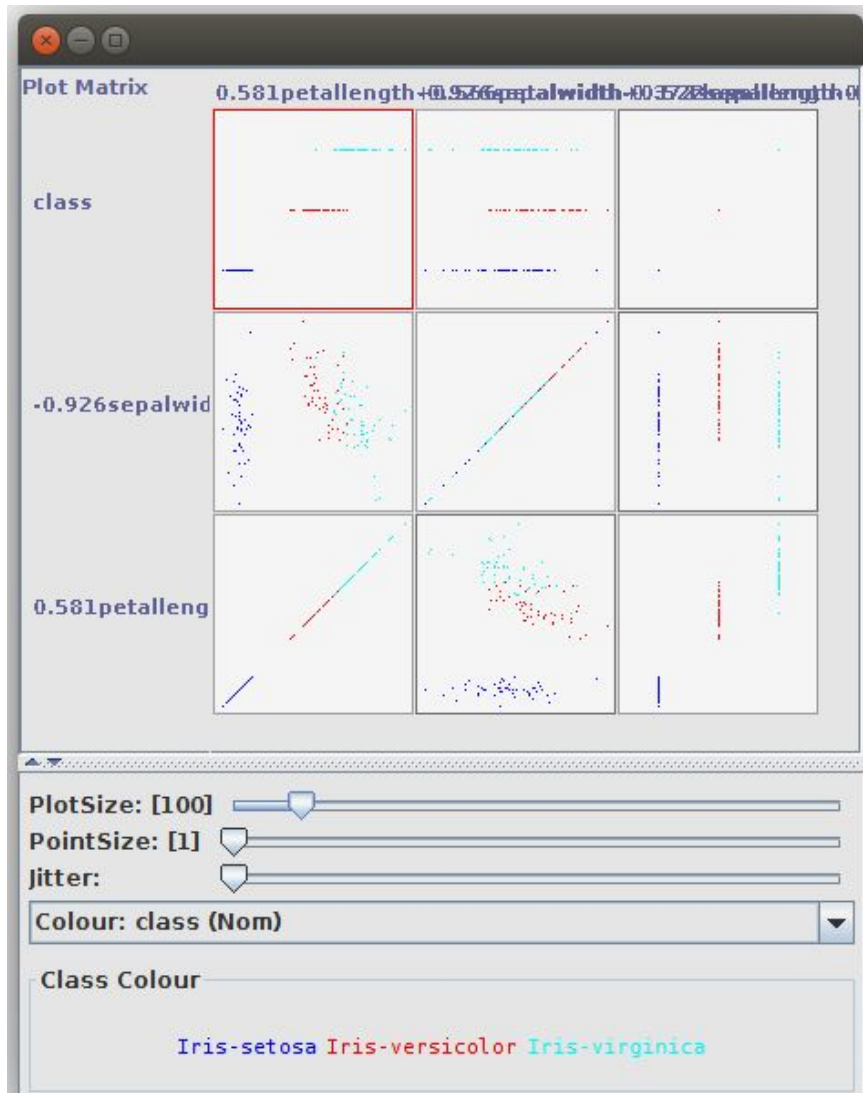
**Ranked attributes:**

0.2723	1	0.581petallength+0.566petalwidth+0.522sepalwidth-0.2634sepalwidth
0.042	2	-0.926sepalwidth-0.372sepalwidth-0.065petalwidth-0.021petalwidth

**Selected attributes: 1,2 : 2**

The 'Result list' shows a single entry: '05:32:45 - Ranker + PrincipalComponents'. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Status OK' and a 'Log' button.

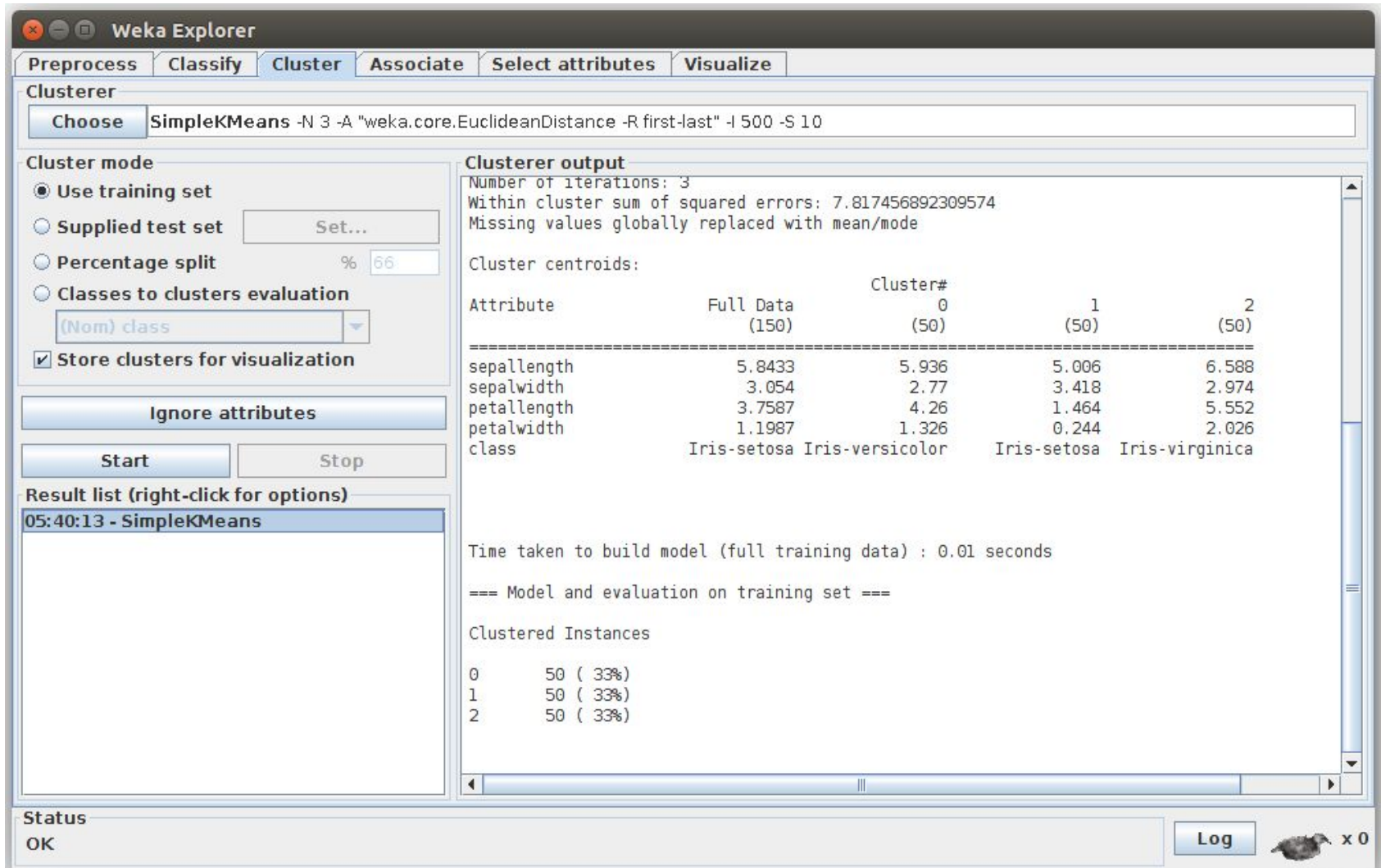
# Visualizar



# *Clustering* & Regressão

- Como gerar:
  - Um kMeans
  - Uma regressão linear

# Cluster > SimpleKmeans



**Clusterer**  
Choose SimpleKMeans -N 3 -A "weka.core.EuclideanDistance -R first-last" -I 500 -S 10

**Cluster mode**  
 Use training set  
 Supplied test set Set...  
 Percentage split % 66  
 Classes to clusters evaluation  
(Nom) class  
 Store clusters for visualization

Ignore attributes

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**  
05:40:13 - SimpleKMeans

**Clusterer output**  
Number of iterations: 3  
Within cluster sum of squared errors: 7.817456892309574  
Missing values globally replaced with mean/mode

Cluster centroids:

Attribute	Full Data (150)	Cluster# 0 (50)	1 (50)	2 (50)
sepalwidth	5.8433	5.936	5.006	6.588
sepalwidth	3.054	2.77	3.418	2.974
petalwidth	3.7587	4.26	1.464	5.552
petalwidth	1.1987	1.326	0.244	2.026
class	Iris-setosa	Iris-versicolor	Iris-setosa	Iris-virginica

Time taken to build model (full training data) : 0.01 seconds

=== Model and evaluation on training set ===

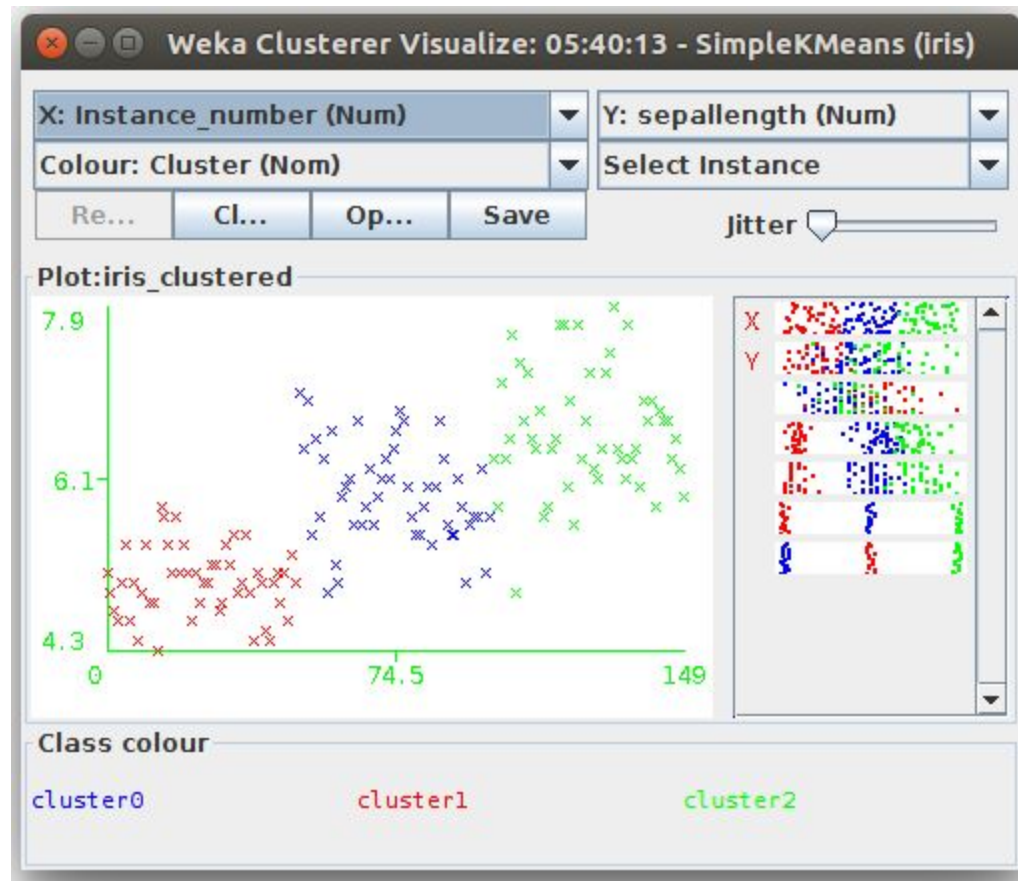
Clustered Instances

0	50 ( 33%)
1	50 ( 33%)
2	50 ( 33%)

Status  
OK

Log x 0

# Cluster > SimpleKmeans





# Classify > LinearRegression

The screenshot shows the Weka Classifier window with the 'Classify' tab selected. The 'Classifier' dropdown is set to 'LinearRegression -S 0 -R 1.0E-8'. Under 'Test options', 'Use training set' is selected. The 'Test list' shows a single entry: '06:05:12 - functions.LinearRegression'. The 'Classifier output' pane displays the following text:

```
Attributes: 3
    passenger_numbers
    Date
    NewData
Test mode:evaluate on training data
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Linear Regression Model
passenger_numbers =
    2.657 * NewData +
    90.3866

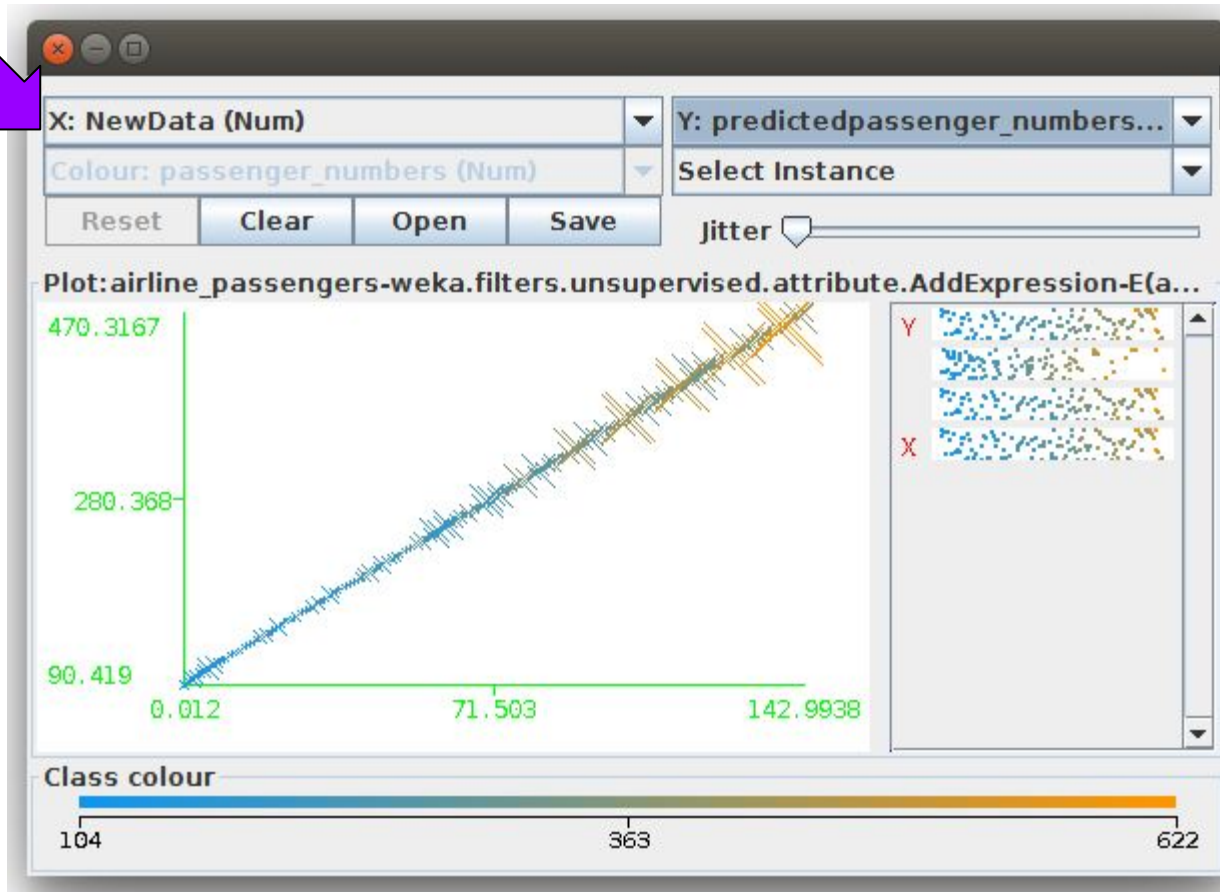
Time taken to build model: 0.01 seconds

=== Evaluation on training set ===
=== Summary ===

Correlation coefficient          0.9239
Mean absolute error             34.4219
Root mean squared error         45.757
Relative absolute error         34.2701 %
Root relative squared error     38.2747 %
Total Number of Instances      144
```

Three purple arrows point to the 'Classify' tab, the 'Choose' button, and the 'Start' button. A red arrow points to the 'Classifier output' pane.

# Classify > LinearRegression





# References

- Weka 3: Data Mining Software in Java
  - <https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/>
- Weka Datasets
  - <http://storm.cis.fordham.edu/~gweiss/data-mining/datasets.html>